SCANTIC VALLEY REGIONAL HEALTH TRUST Report on the Examination of Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

Report on the Examination of Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees and Members Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust Longmeadow, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust (the Group), which comprise the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Cash Flows for the years then ended, and the related Notes to the Financial Statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* appearing on pages 6 through 8, as well as the Seven-Year Claims Development Information on pages 20 and 21, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reported dated April 7, 2015 on our consideration of the Group's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Group's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Scanlon & Associates, LLC South Deerfield, Massachusetts

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April 7, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

This discussion and analysis for the Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust's (the Group) financial performance provides a narrative overview of the Group's financial activities and condition for Fiscal Years 2014 and 2013. This narrative is best viewed in conjunction with the audit report by the auditing firm of Scanlon & Associates, LLC.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust is a public entity risk pool as defined in *Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 10* and, as such, our basic financial statements are prepared using Proprietary Fund (Enterprise Fund) accounting that uses the same basis of accounting as private-sector business enterprises.

Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. These are followed by Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the Group's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Group is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reports the operating revenues and expenses and non-operating revenues and expenses of the Group for the fiscal year with the difference determining the net change in position for the fiscal year. That change combined with the Net Position at the end of the previous year total to the Net Position at the end of the current fiscal year.

The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash and cash equivalent activities for the fiscal year resulting from operating activities and investing activities. The net result of these activities added to the beginning of the year cash balance total to the cash and cash equivalent balance at the end of the current fiscal year.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements follow the basic financial statements described above.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Condensed financial information from the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 and Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30

ASSETS	2014	<u>2013</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Other current assets Total Current Assets	\$ 2,124,640	\$ 2,147,365	\$ (22,725)
	5,976,673	4,983,875	992,798
	243,195	<u>232,860</u>	10,335
	8,344,508	7,364,100	980,408
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Claims liabilities Total Current Liabilities	174,999	61,963	113,036
	<u>885,770</u>	1,042,649	(156,879)
	1,060,769	1,104,612	(43,843)
NET POSITION Unrestricted	<u>\$ 7,283,739</u>	<u>\$ 6,259,488</u>	<u>\$ 1,024,251</u>

CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

OPERATING REVENUES	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Members' contributions	\$ 22,946,124	\$ 21,847,971	\$ 1,098,153
Medicare Part D subsidy	181,906	239,706	(57,800)
Wellness program revenue	5,060	2,107	2,953
Total Operating Revenues	23,133,090	22,089,784	1,043,306
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Health claims expense	19,735,033	19,116,335	618,698
Claims administrative fees	1,264,316	1,276,225	(11,909)
Fixed premiums	338,241	233,722	104,519
Stop loss insurance premiums	426,465	424,145	2,320
Consulting and group administration			•
services	216,405	210,560	5,845
Other administrative expenses	24,125	20,924	3,201
Government fees	104,944	-	104,944
Wellness program expenses	71,422	46,135	25,287
Total Operating Expenses	22,180,951	21,328,046	852,905
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) NON-OPERATING REVENUE	952,139	761,738	190,401
Investment income	72,112	70,441	<u>1,671</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>\$ 1,024,251</u>	<u>\$ 832,179</u>	\$ 192,072

The Group's Net Position consists primarily of cash and investments. There are no capital assets owned by the Group.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Group ended the year June 30, 2014 with a cash balance of \$2,124,640 compared with the balance of \$2,147,365 at June 30, 2013. The balance of investments increased by \$992,798 to \$5,976,673 at June 30, 2014.

The Group ended the year June 30, 2014 with an unrestricted net position of \$7,283,739. This amount was \$1,024,251 higher than the net position balance at the beginning of the year, and represents 36.91 percent of claims expense. At June 30, 2013, the unrestricted net position balance represented 32.74 percent of claims expense.

The Group had operating income of \$952,139 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The operating income was primarily the result of funding from rate revenue exceeding claims, administration and net reinsurance expenses. Health Claims expenditures increased by \$618,698 or 3.24 percent from the Fiscal Year 2013 total. Member contributions increased by \$1,098,153, or 5.03 percent from the fiscal 2014 total. The Group continues to manage costs effectively and is able to maintain modest or no rate increases for the various health plans.

The Statement of Cash Flows identifies sources and uses of cash activity for the fiscal year. For Fiscal 2014, cash and equivalents decreased by \$22,725, primarily due to positive operating activities offset by the purchase of term bank deposits.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR

The Group is operating in an environment of increased health care costs and government-mandated legislation and oversight. Given this environment, the Group is actively participating in ongoing wellness programs to promote healthier lifestyles to assist in reducing health claim costs. The budget for the wellness program is largely funded by the Group's available surplus balance. The Group won the Blue Cross Blue Shield Municipal Innovations Award for promoting good health among the employees of the Group's participating governmental units.

The Group's Board set the rate structure for Fiscal Year 2015 plan participation. The Group approved supplementing the rates using between \$500,000 and \$800,000 of existing financial resources to offer a 3.9 percent composite increase in rates and level funding for active employee plans.

The Group has and will continue to be influenced by new legislation, such as the Adult Child Eligibility Rule of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Municipal Health Care Reform Bill. The Group continues to be pro-active in mitigating rising health care costs. The Group has completed a dependent eligibility audit, reviewed and enacted various underlying plan design changes, and continues to promote healthy initiatives through the wellness program.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is intended to provide an overview of the finances of the Group for those with an interest in this organization. Questions concerning any information within this report may be directed to Ms. Carol Cormier, Group Benefit Strategies, 15 Midstate Drive, Suite 110, Auburn, MA 01501, telephone 800-229-8008.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014 and 2013

ASSETS	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,124,640	\$ 2,147,365
Investments	5,976,673	
Receivables:	5,970,075	4,983,875
Coordination of benefits recovery		7,700
Medicare Part D subsidy	60,591	72,724
Reinsurance claims	173,502	47,838
Prepaid expenses	173,302	6,000
Plan deposits	9,102	98,598
Total Assets	8,344,508	7,364,100
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	4=4.000	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	174,999	61,963
Claims liabilities	<u>885,770</u>	1,042,649
Total Liabilities	1,060,769	<u>1,104,612</u>
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	<u>\$ 7,283,739</u>	<u>\$ 6,259,488</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
OPERATING REVENUE		
Members' contributions	\$ 22,946,124	\$ 21,847,971
Medicare Part D subsidy	181,906	239,706
Wellness program revenue	<u>5,060</u>	2,107
Total Operating Revenues	23,133,090	22,089,784
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Health claims expense	19,735,033	19,116,335
Claims administration fees	1,264,316	1,276,225
Fixed premiums	338,241	233,722
Stop loss insurance premiums	426,465	424,145
Consulting and group administrative services	216,405	210,560
Other administrative expenses	24,125	20,924
Government fees	104,944	<u>-</u>
Wellness program expenses	71,422	<u>46,135</u>
Total Operating Expenses	22,180,951	21,328,046
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	952,139	761,738
NON-OPERATING REVENUE		
Investment income	<u>72,112</u>	70,441
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,024,251	832,179
CHANGE IN NET FOSITION	1,024,231	032,179
Net Position, Beginning of Year	6,259,488	5,427,309
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 7,283,739</u>	\$ 6,259,488

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from members	¢ 22.046.424	¢ 04 047 074
Cash received from nembers Cash received from governmental programs	\$ 22,946,124 194,038	\$ 21,847,971 267,799
Cash received from customers	5,060	2,107
Cash paid to insurance providers, net of reinsurance	0,000	2,101
reimbursements	(21,931,103)	(22,360,733)
Cash paid to other vendors	(316,158)	(286,714)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>897,961</u>	(529,570)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on deposits	72,112	70,441
Investments matured	(992,798)	438,887
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(920,686)	509,328
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(22,725)	(20,242)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	2,147,365	2,167,607
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of Tear	2,147,505	2,107,007
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 2,124,640</u>	\$ 2,147,365
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF TEAK	<u>Ψ 2,124,040</u>	<u> </u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED BY OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 952,139	\$ 761,738
Adjustments to Reconcile Increase in Net Position to	*	*,
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Decrease (increase) in receivables	(105,831)	26,062
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	6,000	200
Decrease (increase) in plan deposits Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	89,496 113,036	(33,480) (13,425)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in claims liabilities	(156,879)	(1,270,665)
, ,	1.00,0.0	1.,2. 5,300
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 897,961</u>	<u>\$ (529,570)</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE GROUP

The Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust (the Group) was organized as a Massachusetts Municipal Joint Purchase Health Insurance Group under Chapter 32B Section 12 of the Massachusetts General Laws to negotiate and purchase hospital, surgical, medical, dental, health maintenance organization coverage, preferred provider organization coverage, claims administration-administrative services only coverage, and other health care coverage for its participating governmental units. The Group became operational on March 1, 1992. The Group is governed by a Board (the Board) comprised of representatives from each of the participating governmental units. A Treasurer has been appointed by the Board to receive member assessments, issue checks, make transfers and maintain bank accounts.

Participating governmental units consist of those entities that have signed the Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust Agreement for Joint Negotiation and Purchase of Health Coverage. As of June 30, 2014, participants included the Towns of East Longmeadow, Hampden, Longmeadow, Wilbraham, the Hampden-Wilbraham Regional School District and the Lower Pioneer Valley Educational Collaborative. Governmental units applying for membership in the Group may be granted membership on approval of a two-thirds vote of the Group's Board. Any participating governmental unit may withdraw from the Group on its anniversary at its discretion upon written notification to the Board at least 120 days prior to the anniversary date of health care coverage contracts purchased by the Group. The Board may terminate a participating governmental unit by a two-thirds vote of all Board members if it is in arrears for any payment due to the Group.

A Participating Governmental Unit shall have no liability for contributions and assessments for any period following the effective date of termination of its participation under the trust agreement, except for (1) the governmental unit's proportionate share of any trust fund deficit as certified by the audited financial statements in the trust fund as of the effective date of the governmental unit's termination, (2) unpaid contributions or assessments attributable to periods prior to the effective date of the governmental unit's termination, and/or (3) subsequent expense for its covered members still on the plan after termination (where required by law).

Any payment owed by the terminated governmental unit to the Group for its proportionate share of a trust fund deficit as certified by the audited financial statements shall be paid within sixty (60) days following the Board's acceptance of the annual audited financial statements unless another date is mutually agreed upon by the Group and the terminating governmental unit.

A Participating Governmental Unit whose membership in the Group is terminated by the Board shall not be entitled to a distribution of any surplus in the certified uncommitted trust fund balance.

A Participating Governmental Unit that voluntarily withdraws from the Group on anniversary, i.e. an effective date of withdrawal of midnight June 30 in any year unless otherwise determined by the Board, and which has participated in the Group for five or more years shall be entitled to a distribution of its proportionate share of the certified uncommitted fund balance that exceeds the targeted fund balance as established by the Board in its Fund Balance Policy. The targeted fund balance is calculated by using 12 percent of the claims incurred during the preceding 12 months. The certified fund balance shall be the audited fund balance as of the last day of the fiscal year in which the withdrawing unit participates, and the distribution of funds shall be made within sixty (60) days of the acceptance by the Board of the independent financial auditor's report.

Contributions to the Group from participating governmental units are on a monthly basis, based upon plan specific funding rates for coverage provided on individual and family enrollments for self-insured plans.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE GROUP (Continued)

The rates are calculated by the Board and determined to be 100 percent of the cost of coverage of the Group as a whole (including, but not limited to, anticipated incurred claims, retention risk, and Group administration expenses) as established through underwriting and/or actuarial-like estimates.

All surpluses or deficits of the Group are shared on a proportional and collective basis. It is at the sole discretion of the Group's Board whether any surplus is to be distributed to the participating governmental units through rate reductions or direct distribution. In the case of a deficit, additional revenue may be raised from each participating governmental unit. In addition, surplus is taken into consideration in the determination of future funding rates.

The Group provides health benefits under self-funded medical plans for active employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees. The Group offers plans administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Massachusetts (BCBSMA), Health New England (HNE) and Tufts Health Plan (Tufts). The Group pays each of the health plan organizations monthly administrative fees based on the number of subscribers (contracts).

From BCBSMA – Network Blue and Network Blue Deductible HMO-type plans. Blue Care Elect Preferred PPO and Blue Care Elect Preferred Deductible PPO, and Medex 2;

From HNE - HNE EPO plan and HNE Deductible EPO plan, both HMO-type plans; and

From Tufts – Tufts EPO plan and Tufts EPO Deductible plan, both HMO-type plans.

The Group offers the following self-insured plans for Medicare-eligible retirees and their Medicare-eligible spouses:

From BCBSMA - Medex 2 Medicare Part D

From HNE – HNE MedPlus, an HMO Medicare wrap plan.

In addition, the Group offers the following health plans on a fully insured basis: Managed Blue for Seniors, Tufts Medicare Preferred HMO, and Tufts Medicare Preferred Prime Supplement with PDP Plus plan.

The Group employs the services of John R. Sharry, Incorporated, d/b/a Groups Benefits Strategies (GBS), as a central benefit administrator to provide certain management, consulting, enrollment, and technical functions and to audit medical claims paid. The current agreement is for a three-year term ending June 30, 2015, and provides for a monthly fee based upon the number of subscribers.

The Group employs the services of Prescription Benefit Services, Inc. (PBS), as benefit administrator to provide certain management, consulting, and technical functions for the Group's alternative prescription drug program. The current agreement is for a one-year term and provides for a monthly fee based upon the number of subscribers.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units, specifically standards applicable to public entity risk pools. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, the entity evaluates their estimates and assumptions based upon historical experience and various other factors and circumstances. Management of the entity believes that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable in the circumstances; however, actual results may differ from these estimates under different future conditions.

C. Fund Accounting

The Group reports in a manner consistent with a special purpose entity for their ongoing operations and activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector as a proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Generally, the Treasurer may invest available funds in term deposits and certificates of deposit of banks and trust companies, in obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the federal government or an agency thereof with a maturity of not more than one year, in repurchase agreements with a maturity of not more than 90 days secured by federal or federal agency securities, or in participation units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT) or in shares of beneficial interest by money market funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission that have the highest possible rating from at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At the October 2, 2013 meeting, the Board of Directors discussed and subsequently favored to allow the Treasurer to move up to 20 percent of investments into Certificates of Deposit with a maturity of up to five (5) years. According to the State Treasurer, the MMDT's investment policy is designed to maintain an average weighted maturity of ninety (90) days or less and is limited to high-quality, readily marketable fixed income instruments, including U.S. Government obligations and highly-rated corporate securities with maturities of one year or less. MMDT is an investment pool created by the Commonwealth under the supervision of the State Treasurer's office.

The Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust considers all highly liquid investments including Certificates of Deposit with a maturity of ninety (90) days or less to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Reinsurance

The Group uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on covered events. Reinsurance provides for the recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the primary liability of the Group as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. The Group does not report reinsured risks as liabilities unless it is probable those risks will not be covered by the reinsurer.

Amounts recoverable from the reinsurer relating to paid claims are classified as accounts receivable, with a related allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts, and as reductions to claims expense. Estimated amounts recoverable from the reinsurer relating to the liabilities for unpaid claims are deducted from claims liabilities and reductions to claims expense.

F. Claims Liabilities

The Group establishes claims liabilities based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses, if any) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Estimated reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims is deducted from the liability for unpaid claims.

Actual claims reported will differ from claims estimated, but the Group's size and stop-loss coverage minimize the risk of a significant difference. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using historical claims data adjusted for the Group's current experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

G. Member Contributions

Member contributions are billed to each participating governmental unit in the form of monthly premiums. Contributions are recorded and recognized as revenue during the period in which the assessment is earned.

The Group generates its revenue from premium billings to its participating governmental units (as defined in Note A above) and provides health insurance benefits to its employees and retirees. Although the Group is dependent on the economic environment of the member Towns, District and Collaborative, Massachusetts General Laws mandates funding by the Group to meet its obligations under insurance contracts by requiring the member entities to include the amount of the obligation in determining their future tax rates.

H. Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Benefit Program

The Group acts as plan sponsor, on behalf of its members, for the purpose of applying for the subsidy payment provided for under the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 (Sub-Part R). An estimate of this reimbursement and subsidy is recorded as revenue when the related prescription benefits on which the reimbursement is based, are paid.

I. Income Taxes

As a joint purchase group consisting entirely of governmental entities, the Group is exempt from both federal and state income taxes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS

The carrying amount of the Group's deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as *Cash and Cash Equivalents*. The carrying amount represents reconciled book balances. The classification of balances by category of risk at June 30, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	20)14	20	013
	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Bank Balance	Carrying Amount	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Insured (FDIC/DIF) State Investment Pool (MMDT)	\$ 1,023,858 43,727	\$ 1,026,265 43,727	\$ 1,050,937 43,644	\$ 1,050,937 43,644
Uninsured: Collateralized	1,057,055	1,057,055	1,052,784	1,052,784
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 2,124,640</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,047</u>	<u>\$ 2,147,365</u>	<u>\$ 2,147,365</u>

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Group's deposits might not be recovered. The Group does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, none of the Group's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS

Investments are stated at fair value.

			Investment I	<u> Maturities</u>	
			2014	4	
Investment Type	Credit Risk	<u>Fair Value</u>	1 to 2 Years	3 to 4 Years	<u> 5 Years</u>
Certificates of Deposit	FDIC/DIF Insured	<u>\$ 5,976,673</u>	<u>\$ 4,402,749</u>	<u>\$ 1,069,198</u>	<u>\$ 504,726</u>
Investment Type	Credit Risk	<u>Fair Value</u>	201: 1 to 2 Years	3	
Certificates of Deposit	FDIC/DIF Insured	<u>\$ 4,983,875</u>	<u>\$ 4,983,875</u>		

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

The Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Group does not have policies for Custodial Credit Risk. The Group has no Custodial Credit Risk exposure because the investments are insured.

Interest Rate Risk

The Group does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Group places no limit on the amount the Group may invest in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities and mutual funds) that represent 5 percent or more of total investments are as follows:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Hampden Bank – Certificates of Deposit	\$ 5,220,031	<u>\$ 4,983,875</u>

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - REINSURANCE

The Group has entered into a specific excess medical and prescription drug claims reinsurance agreement with an insurance carrier whereby the Company will reimburse the Group for payment of claims on its medical plans exceeding \$175,000 for an individual member to a lifetime maximum amount payable of \$2,000,000.

The policy period covers claims incurred within twelve (12) months and paid within twenty-four (24) months. Total premiums for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were \$426,465 and \$424,145, respectively.

At June 30, 2014 and 2013, total estimated reinsurance recoveries expected are \$173,502 and \$47,838 respectively. In accordance with GASB 10, reimbursements that are for paid claims at June 30, 2014 and 2013 have been recorded by the Group as accounts receivable. Reimbursements for unpaid claims have been recorded as an offset to the related liabilities for unpaid claims. The total estimated reinsurance recoveries have been recorded as a reduction of claims expense on the statement of revenues and expenses.

NOTE 6 - UNPAID CLAIMS

The Group establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which include estimates of both future payments of losses and related adjustment expenses, if any. The following table represents changes in claims' liabilities for the years ended June 30:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Unpaid claims and claims' adjustment expenses, beginning of year	\$ 1,042,649	\$ 2,313,314
Insured claims and claims' adjustment expenses: Provision for insured events of the current fiscal year Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events	19,294,262	19,099,660
of prior fiscal years	<u>440,771</u> 19,735,033	16,717 19,116,377
Payments:		
Claims and claims' adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current fiscal year Claims and claims' adjustment expenses attributable	(18,384,131)	(18,060,192)
to insured events of prior fiscal years	(1,507,781) (19,891,912)	(2,326,850) (20,387,042)
Total unpaid claims and claims' adjustment expenses, end of year	<u>\$ 885,770</u>	<u>\$ 1,042,649</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Seven-Year Claims' Development Information (Unaudited)

The table shown below illustrates how the Group's earned revenues and investment income compare to related costs of loss and other expenses assumed by the Group as of the end of each of the last seven (7) years. The rows in the table are defined as follows

- 1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's earned contribution revenues and investment revenues.
- 2) This line shows each fiscal year's HMO fixed premiums paid and other operating costs of the Group including overhead and claims' expense not allocated to individual claims.
- 3) This line shows the Group's incurred self-insured claims and allocated claims' adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called *policy year*).
- 4) This section of rows shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- 5) This section of rows shows how each policy year's incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. These annual re-estimation results from new information received on known claims, re-evaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.
- 6) This line compares the latest re-estimated incurred claims' amount to the originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims' cost is greater or less than originally thought.

SCANTIC VALLEY REGIONAL HEALTH TRUST Required Supplementary Information Seven-Year Claims' Development Information (Unaudited)

As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The columns of the tables show data for successive policy years.

3	currentity recognized in less mature policy years, the columns of	years, The colur	mns of the tables	f the tables show data for successive policy years	ccessive policy y	ears.			
F	Farned member assessments	6/30/14	6/30/13	6/30/12	6/30/11	6/30/10	6/30/08	6/30/08	6/30/07
•		\$ 23,205,202	\$ 22,160,225	\$ 23,604,084	\$ 22,002,450	\$ 20,284,169	\$ 19,810,913	\$ 19,697,830	\$ 18,432,522
7)	Fixed premiums paid and other operating expenses	2,445,918	2,211,711	2,245,844	2,215,817	2,116,163	1,988,058	1,953,323	1,974,776
3)	Estimated incurred, self-insured claims and expense, end of year	19,294,262	19,099,660	21,502,560	19,476,895	18,876,414	17,682,078	16,566,698	14,229,348
4	Paid (cumulative) as of End of fiscal year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later Six years later Six years later	18,384,131	18,060,192 18,120,449	19,157,502 21,514,835 21,502,857	18,035,569 19,420,726 19,397,215 19,396,023	17,076,106 18,897,291 18,900,906 18,893,828 18,886,554	16,217,569 17,664,440 17,690,193 17,690,635 17,691,281 17,690,245	14,964,081 16,416,384 16,410,699 16,401,428 16,401,074 16,401,074	13,203,914 14,291,672 14,293,996 14,294,013 14,294,013 14,293,780 14,293,780
9	Re-estimated incurred, self-insured claims and expenses: End of fiscal year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later Four years later Six years later Six years later	19,294,262	19,099,660 19,159,917	21,502,560 21,518,336 21,506,358	19,476,895 19,423,840 19,396,895 19,395,703	18,876,414 18,895,072 18,899,416 18,883,828 18,886,554	17,682,078 17,703,489 17,688,833 17,691,585 17,691,281	16,566,698 16,421,384 16,404,255 16,401,452 16,401,074	14,229,348 14,291,672 14,293,996 14,294,013 14,294,013 14,293,798 14,293,780
9	Increase (decrease) in estimated, incurred, self-insured claims and expense from the end of the original policy year	l 49	\$ (60,257)	\$ (3,798)	\$ 81,192	\$ (10,140)	\$ (8,167)	\$ 165,624	(64,432)



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees and Members Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust Longmeadow, Massachusetts

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust, which comprise the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net position, and Cash Flows for the years then ended and the related Notes to the Financial Statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

2014-1 Segregation of Duties

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain

provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust's Response to Findings

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The Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Financial Statement Findings. The Scantic Valley Regional Health Trust's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Scanlon & Associates, LLC South Deerfield, Massachusetts

April 7, 2015

Schedule of Financial Statement Findings and Responses

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

SECTION I – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2014-1

Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Segregation of Duties

Adequate and effective internal control would require the segregation of duties between posting receipt and disbursement transactions and reconciling bank statements.

Condition:

Many critical duties of the Group are combined and assigned to one employee. Currently, the Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the general ledger and reconciling bank statements.

Cause:

This condition is due to the limited number of administrative personnel working for the Group.

Effect:

This condition results in a lack of segregation of duties and increases the risk of errors or irregularities occurring and not being detected.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Group consider segregating the record keeping function from the reconciliation function.

Management's Response:

Management is aware of the risks implicit in the assignment of duties within the Treasurer's position. Management has considered the costs and benefits of hiring additional personnel to achieve greater segregation of duties. Management will continue to monitor the Treasurer's position and the relevant internal controls over financial reporting.

Beginning in 2013, monthly bank statements and reconciliations are forwarded to a board member for review.